

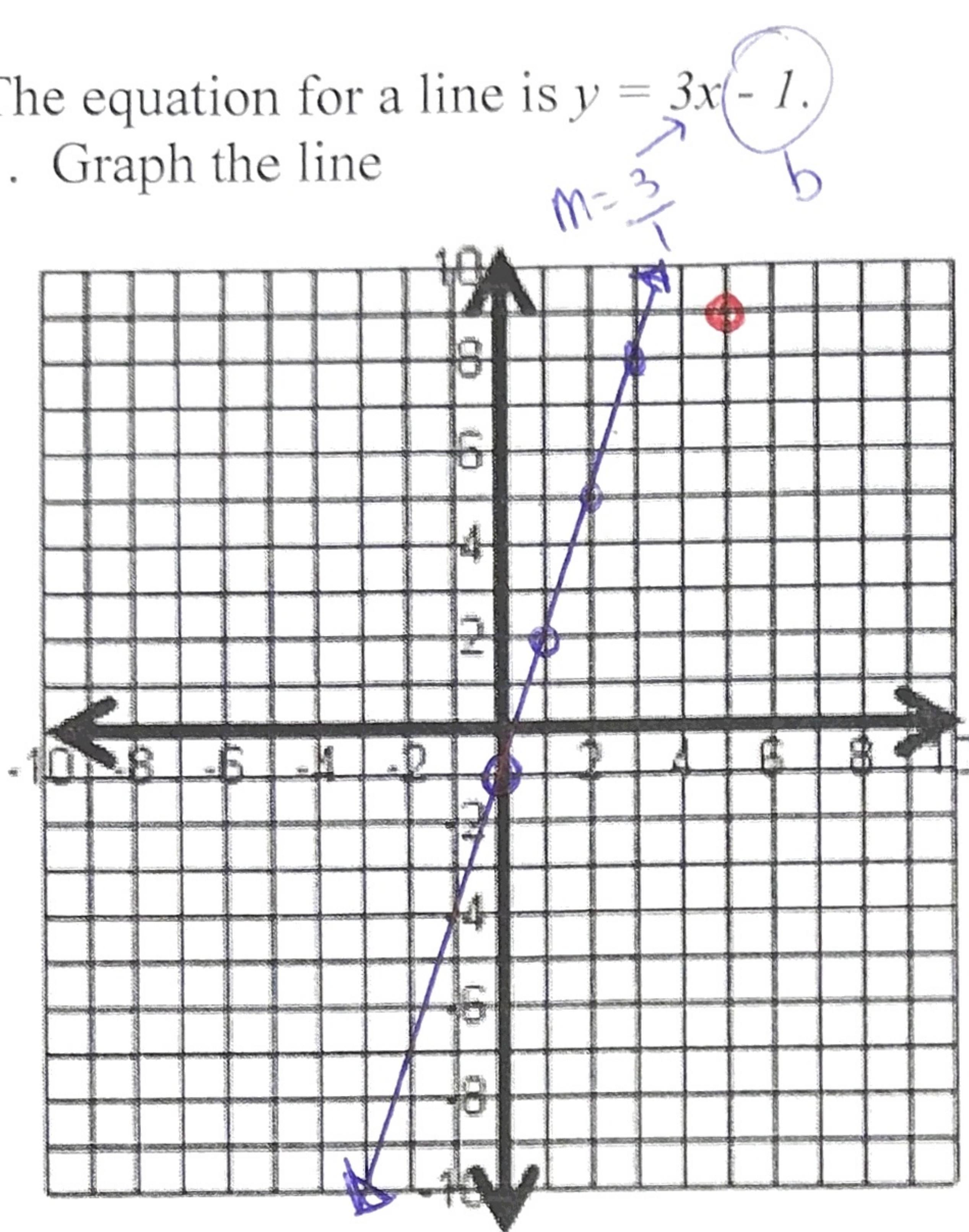
Name: _____ Date: _____ Hour: ___ Alg 1 ___

Unit 3b Day 14: Using Equations to Find Inputs, Outputs, and Solutions

Focus Question: What does it mean to be a solution to a linear function?

- A. The equation for a line is $y = 3x - 1$.

- Graph the line



- Is $(5, 9)$ a solution? Explain
When you substitute it makes the eq. true

$$y = 3x - 1$$

$$9 = 3(5) - 1$$

$$9 = 14$$

This is false so $(5, 9)$ is not a solution.

- Explain your answer to #2 a different way.

It's not on the line
so it is not a solution

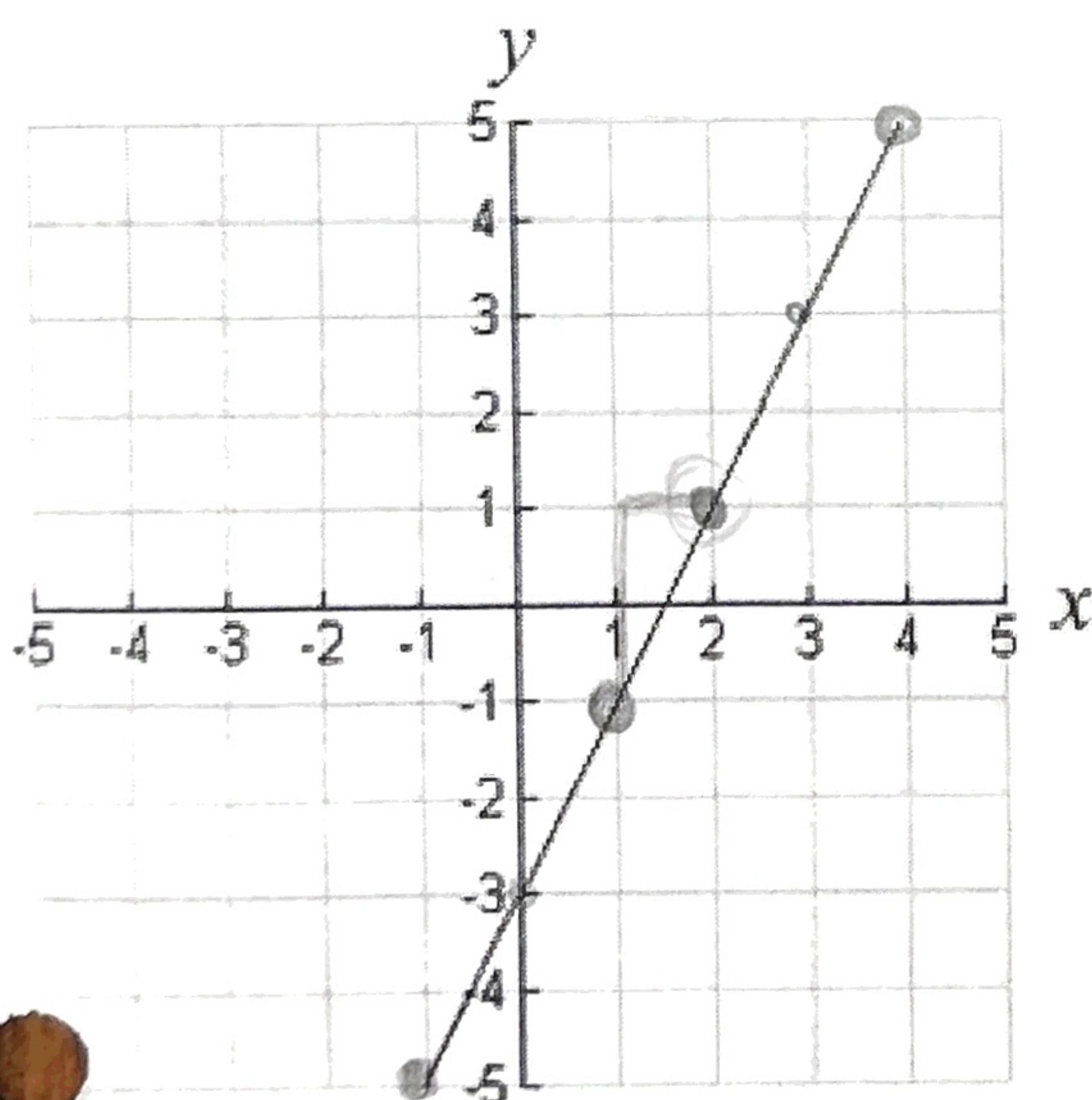
A linear function
has ∞ solutions,

B. Vocabulary

- Solutions to a linear function** make the equation true when they are substituted into the equation and it is evaluated. They are points that are ON the line.
- Inputs** are the values of the *independent variable* which is found on the x-axis.
- Outputs** are the values of the dependent variable which is found on the y-axis.

C. Using graphs to find inputs, outputs and solutions.

- Find the output when the input is 2.



$$x = 2$$

$$(2, 1)$$

The output
is 1

- Find $f(x) = 5$

tells us $y = 5$

$$(4, 5)$$

$$x = 4$$

- Find the input when the output is -1.

$$y = -1$$

$$(1, -1)$$

The input
is 1.

- Find $f(-1)$

tells us
 $x = -1$

$$(-1, 5)$$

$$f(-1) = -5$$

- What are two solutions to the equation?

$$(2, 1) \text{ or } (3, 3) \text{ or } (0, -3)$$

$y_{int.}$

- What is the equation of the line?

$$f(x) = 2x - 3$$

D. Using equations to find inputs, outputs, and solutions.

1. Use the equation $y = -2x + 5$ to answer the following.

a. Find the output when the input is -3 .

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -2(-3) + 5 \\ y &= 6 + 5 \\ y &= 11 \end{aligned}$$

The output is 11

b. What is the input when the output is 7 ?

$$\begin{aligned} 7 &= -2x + 5 \\ -5 &= -2x \\ \frac{2}{-2} &= \frac{-2x}{-2} \\ -1 &= x \end{aligned}$$

The input is -1

c. Find y when $x = 0$. Then explain what you just found.

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -2(0) + 5 \\ y &= 0 + 5 \\ y &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

A solution $(0, 5)$

was found.

It's the y-intercept.

d. Find x when $y = 8$. Then explain what you just found.

$$\begin{aligned} 8 &= -2x + 5 \\ -5 &= -2x \\ \frac{3}{-2} &= \frac{-2x}{-2} \\ x &= -\frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

A solution $(-\frac{3}{2}, 8)$

was found.

e. Is $(4, -3)$ a solution? Explain.

$$\begin{aligned} -3 &= -2(4) + 5 \\ -3 &= -8 + 5 \\ -3 &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

Yes b/c it made the equation true

f. Find another solution to the equation.

- ① pick an x value $x = 2$
- ② substitute $y = -2(2) + 5$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -4 + 5 \\ y &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$(2, 1)$

2. Remember we also did this with function notation: Use the function $f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x - 6$ to answer the following.

a. Find $f(-9)$.

$$f(-9) = \frac{2}{3}(-9) - 6$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(-9) &= -6 - 6 \\ f(-9) &= -12 \end{aligned}$$

b. Find $f(x) = -9$

$$\begin{aligned} -9 &= \frac{2}{3}x - 6 \\ +6 &= \frac{2}{3}x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3}{2} \cdot -3 &= \frac{2}{3}x \cdot \frac{3}{2} \\ -\frac{9}{2} &= x \end{aligned}$$

c. find $f(0)$ and explain what you found.

$$f(0) = \frac{2}{3}(0) - 6$$

The yint is $(0, -6)$

d. Find $f(x) = 0$ and explain what you found.

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \frac{2}{3}x - 6 \\ +6 &= \frac{2}{3}x \\ \frac{3}{2} \cdot 6 &= \frac{2}{3}x \cdot \frac{3}{2} \\ x &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

The xint is $(9, 0)$

e. Is $(-3, -2)$ a solution? Explain.

$$\begin{aligned} -2 &= \frac{2}{3}(-3) - 6 \\ -2 &= -2 - 6 \\ -2 &= -8 \end{aligned}$$

No b/c $-2 \neq -8$

f. Give another solution to the function.

- ① pick an x value. $x = 3$
- ② subst.

$(3, -4)$

$$\begin{aligned} f(3) &= \frac{2}{3}(3) - 6 \\ f(3) &= 2 - 6 \\ f(3) &= -4 \end{aligned}$$