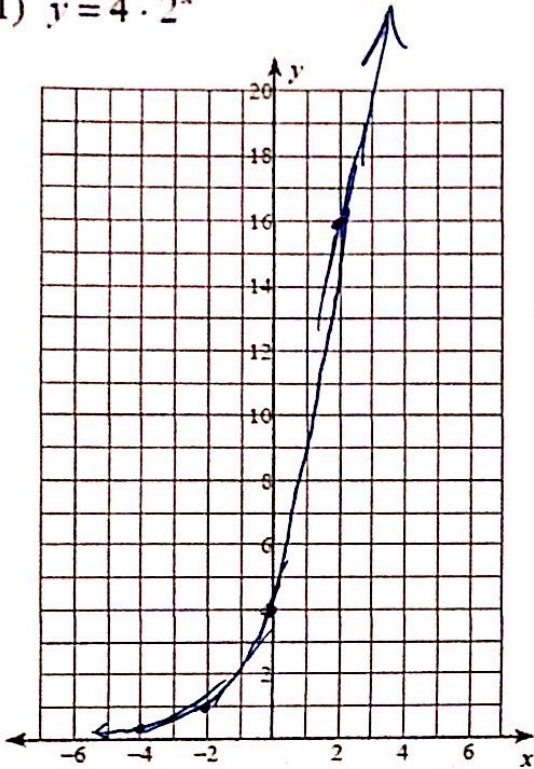


Graph each equation.

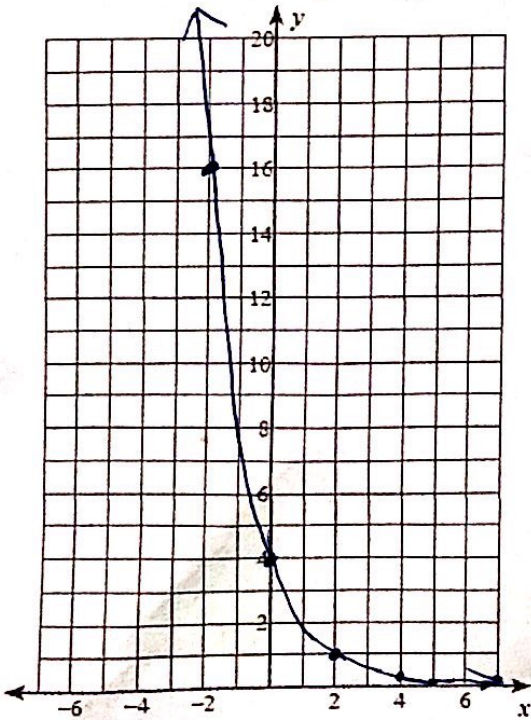
1)  $y = 4 \cdot 2^x$



x	f(x)
-4	1/4
-2	1
0	4
2	16
4	64

This is exponential growth.  
 The asymptote is ~~x=0~~ y=0.

2)  $y = 4 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$

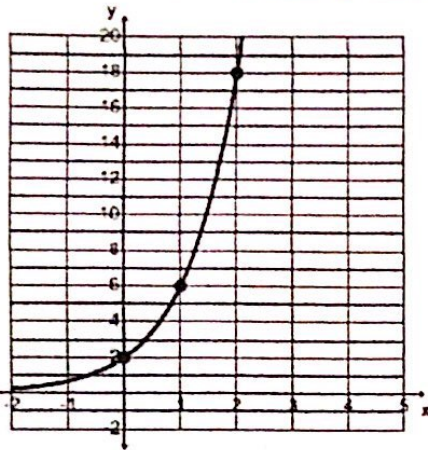


x	f(x)
-4	64
-2	16
0	4
2	1
4	1/4

This is exponential decay.  
 The range is (0, ∞).

Determine the exponential equation for each of the following graphs.

3)  $f(x) = 2 \cdot 3^x$

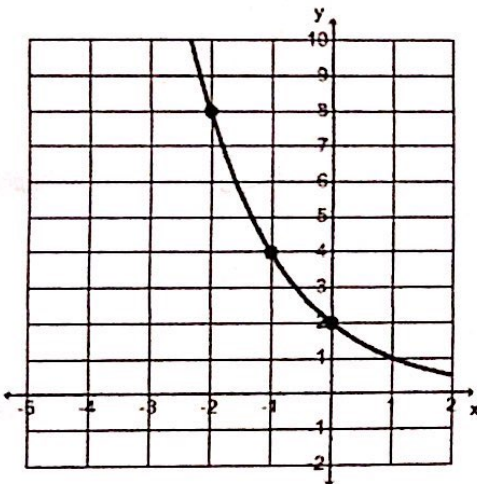


x	f(x)
-1	$\frac{2}{3}$
0	2
1	6
2	18

$\times 3$   
 $\times 3$

This is exponential growth.  
The domain is  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .

4)  $f(x) = 2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$

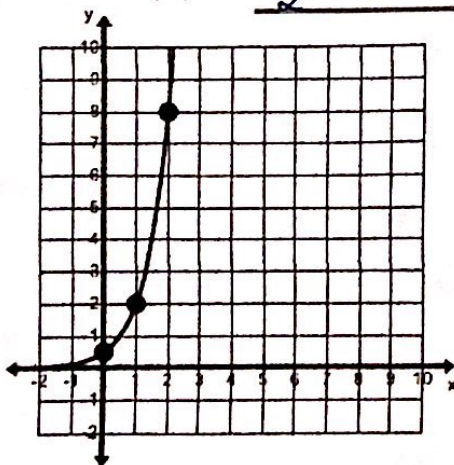


x	f(x)
-2	8
-1	4
0	2
1	1

$\div 2$   
 $\div 2$   
 $\div 2$

This is exponential decay.  
The asymptote is  ~~$y=0$~~ .

5)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4^x$



x	f(x)
-1	$\frac{1}{8}$
0	$\frac{1}{2}$
1	2
2	8

This is exponential growth.  
The range is  $(0, \infty)$ .