

Name: _____

Date _____

#37 Standard Form

For each equation below, decide if it is linear or not linear. If it is not linear, explain why not. If it is linear, tell which form of a line is given. If it is not in one of the three possible linear forms, change it to slope intercept form.

1) $9x - 7y = -7$

- ① Linear
- ② Standard form
- ③ N/A, its in \uparrow

2) $y - 7 = 4(x + 2)$

- ① Linear
- ② point slope
- ③ N/A, its in \uparrow

3) $y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 5$

- ① Not Linear
- ② There's an exponent of 2
- ③ N/A, not linear

4) $\frac{5}{2}x + 4y = 8$

- ① Linear
- ② None
- ③ $\frac{5}{2}x + 4y = 8$
 $-5/2x$

$$4y = -\frac{5}{2}x + 8$$

$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{-\frac{5}{2}x + 8}{4}$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{8}x + 2$$

5) $y = 3x + 4$

- ① Linear
- ② Slope int. \leftarrow
- ③ N/A, its already

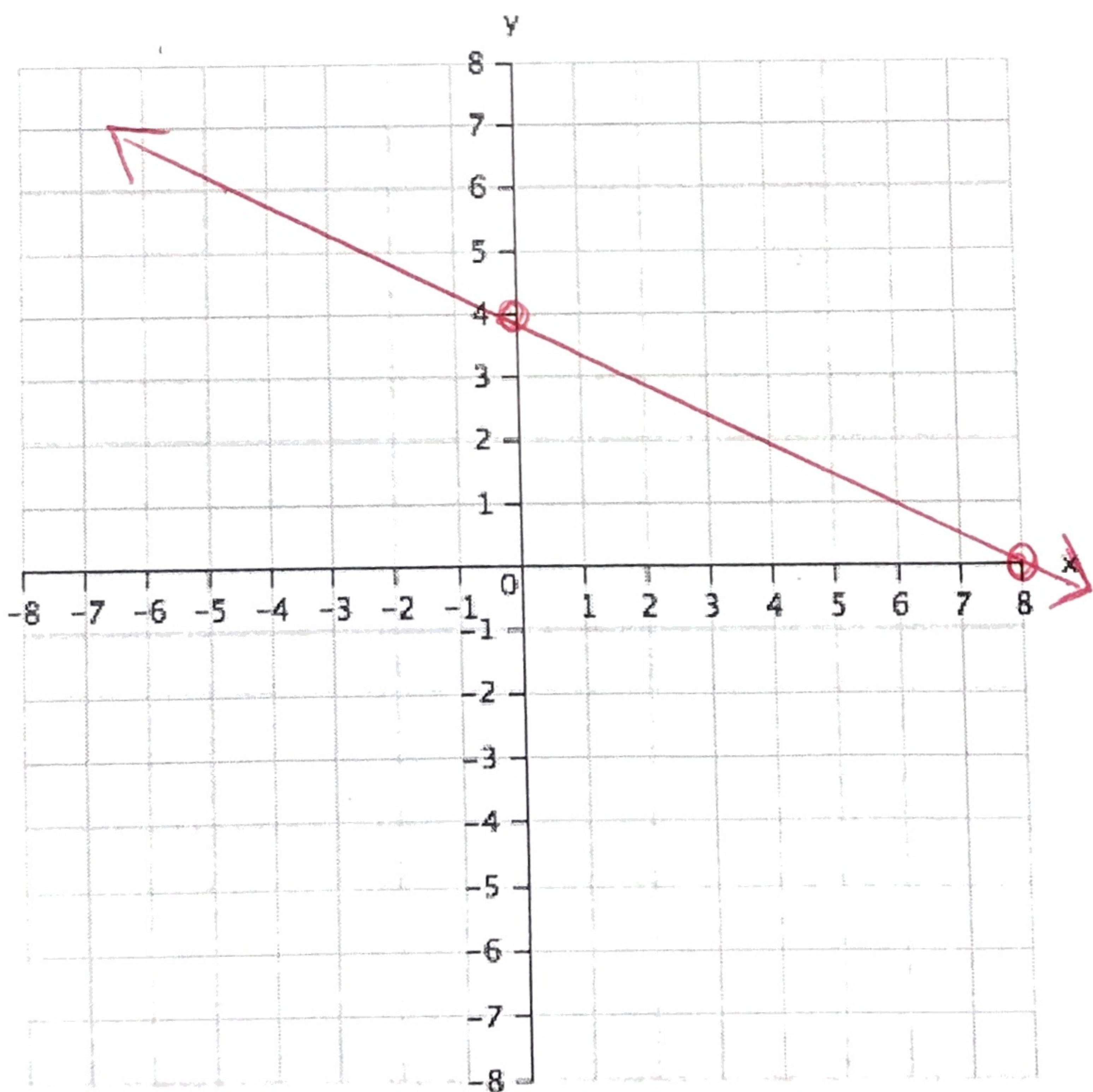
6) $x - 3y = 6$

- ① Linear
- ② Standard
- ③ N/A, its in \uparrow

Find the x and y intercepts of each equation. Then graph the line.

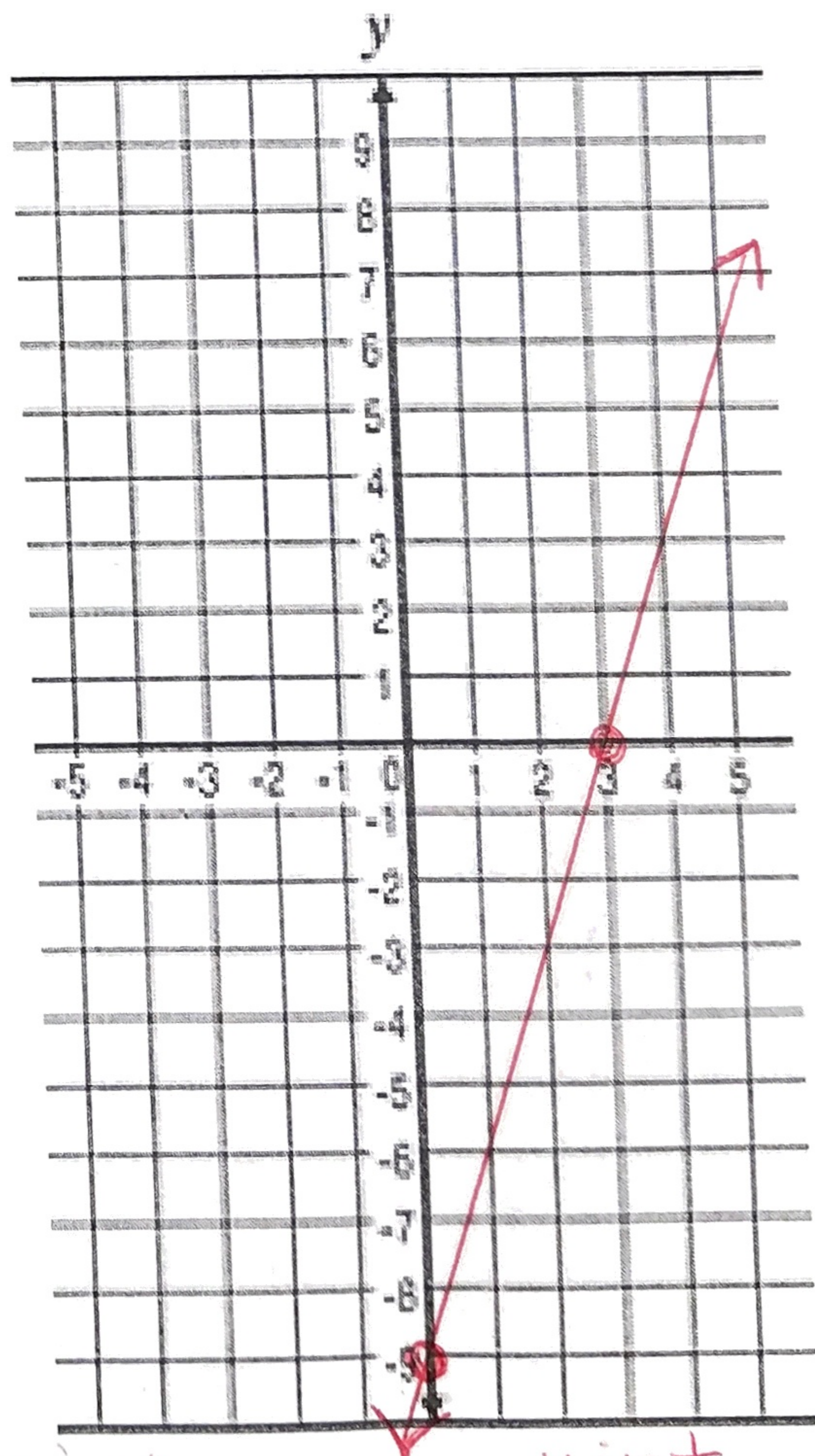
7) $x + 2y = 8$ x int = $(8, 0)$ y int = $(0, 4)$

8) $3x - y = 9$ x int = $(3, 0)$ y int = $(0, -9)$



x int
 $x + 2(0) = 8$
 $x = 8$

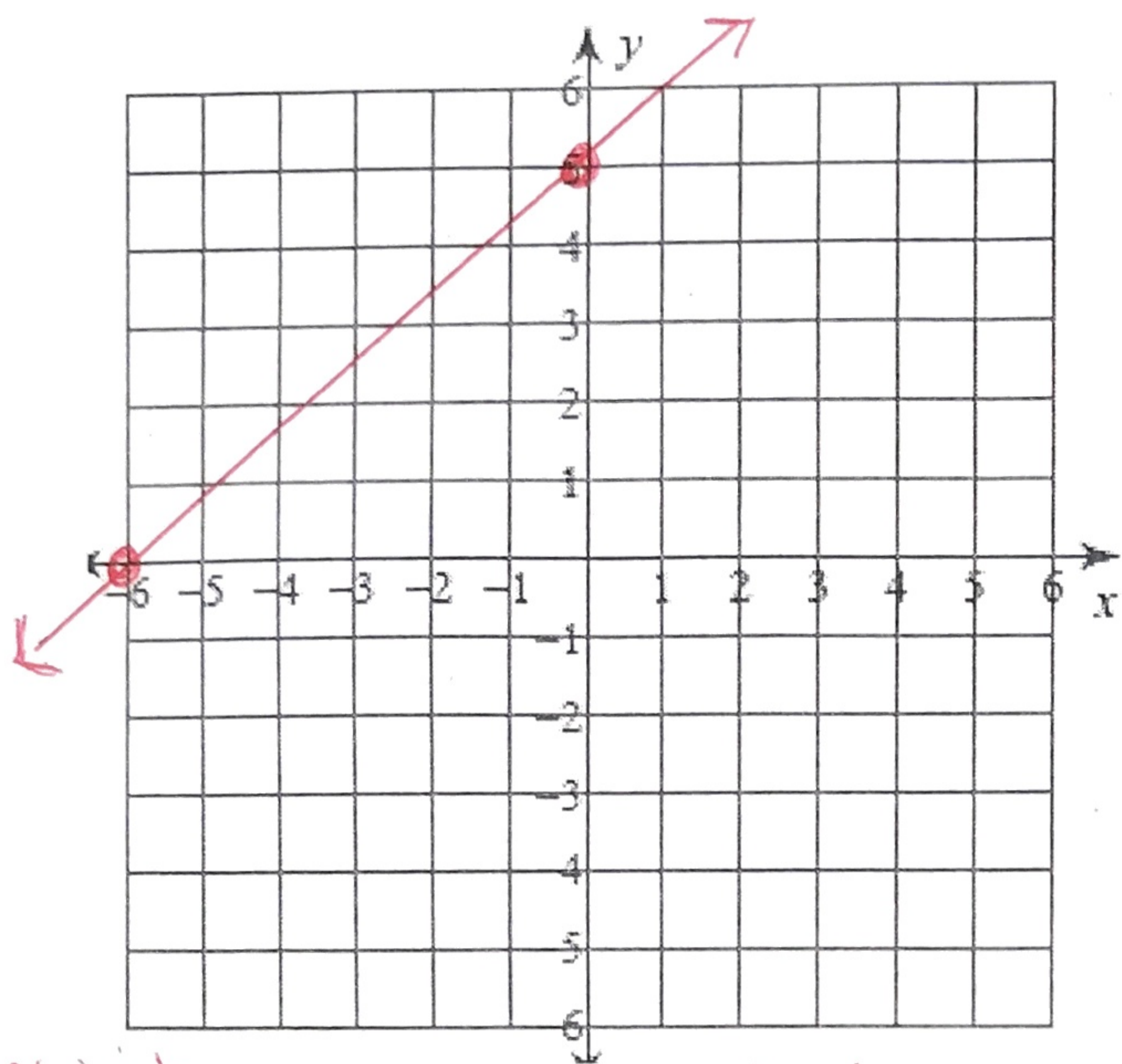
y int
 $0 + 2y = 8$
 $\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{8}{2}$
 $y = 4$



x int
 $3x - 0 = 9$
 $\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{9}{3}$
 $x = 3$

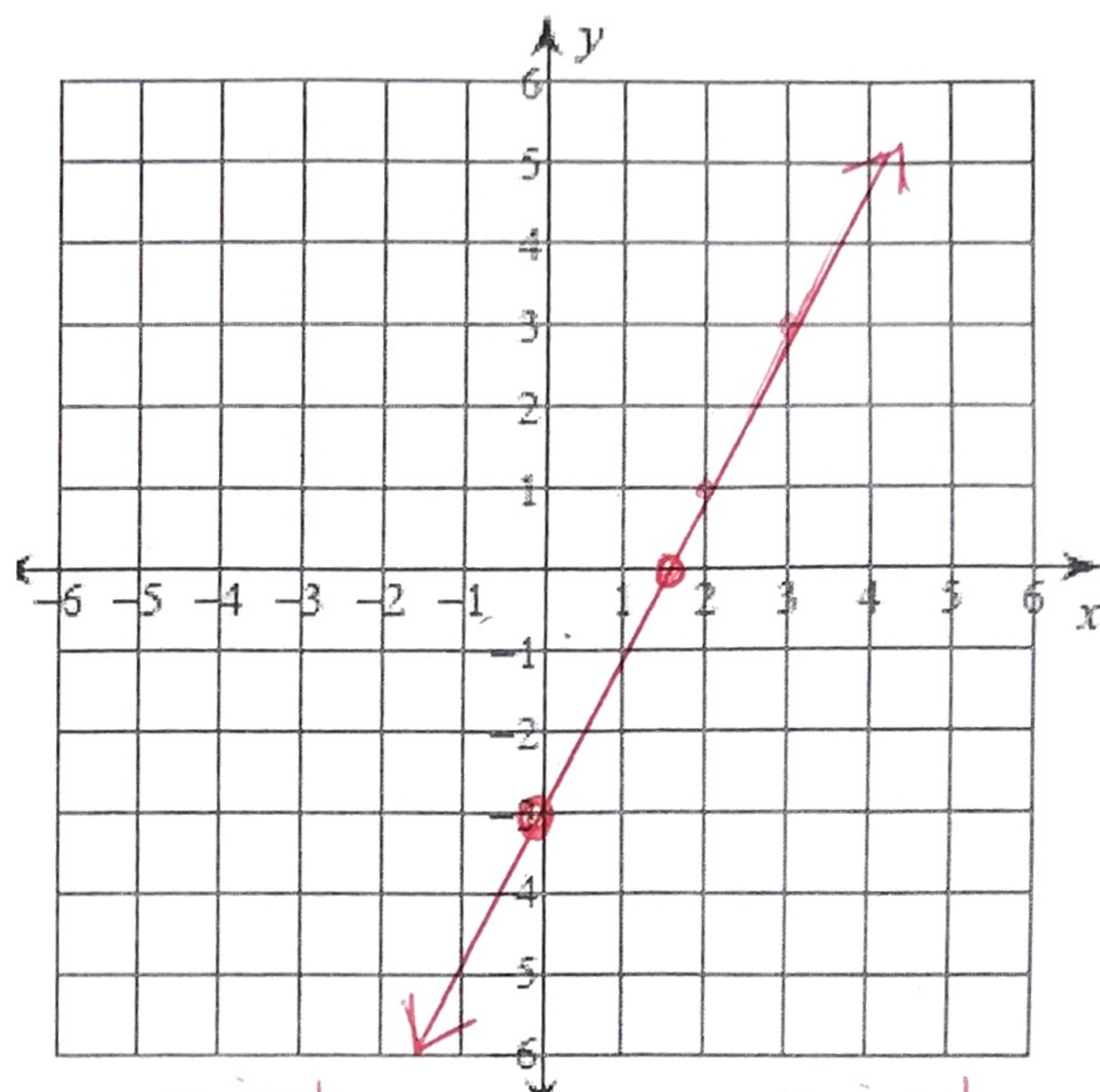
y int
 $3(0) - y = 9$
 $-y = 9$
 $y = -9$

9) $-5x + 6y = 30$ x int = $(-6, 0)$ y int = $(0, 5)$ 10) $-6x + 3y = -9$ x int = $(\frac{3}{2}, 0)$ y int = $(0, -3)$



x int
 $\frac{-5x + 6(0) = 30}{-5} \quad \frac{30}{-5}$
 $x = -6$

y int
 $\frac{-5(0) + 6y = 30}{6} \quad \frac{30}{6}$
 $y = 5$



x int
 $\frac{-6x + 3(0) = -9}{-6} \quad \frac{-9}{-6}$
 $x = \frac{3}{2}$

y int
 $\frac{-6(0) + 3y = -9}{3} \quad \frac{-9}{3}$
 $y = -3$

Change each equation to standard form (remember standard form has integers only).

x & y on same side, constant isolated **tricky!**

11) $y = 3x + 1$

$-3x \quad -3x$

$-3x + y = 1$

or

$3x - y = -1$

either answer is accepted

12) $y = 4x - 7$

$-4x \quad -4x$

$-4x + y = -7$

or

$4x - y = 7$

either is accepted

13) $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 3$

$-\frac{1}{2}x \quad -\frac{1}{2}x$

$2(-\frac{1}{2}x + y) = (-3)2$

$-x + 2y = -6$

or

$x - 2y = 6$

either is accepted

fractions aren't allowed so multiply both sides by the denom. (Remember to distribute!)